(च) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण है?

ग्रामीण क्षेत्र और रोजगार मंत्रालय (ग्रामीण विकास विभाग) में राज्य मंत्री (श्री उत्तमभाई एच० पटेल): (क) लोक कार्यक्रम तथा ग्रामीण रौद्योगिकी विकास परिषद् (कपार्ट) द्वारा काली-सूची में दर्ज किए गए स्वयंसेवी संगठनों का राज्यवार ब्यौरा विवरण में दिया गया है (**नीचे देखिए**)

(ख) से (च) कपार्ट ने सूचित किया है कि ऐसे दोषी स्वयंसेवी संगठनों को धनराशि वापिस कर देने का निर्देश दिया है, जिनकी सहायता रद्द कर दी गयी है अथवा जहां परियोजनाएं समाप्त कर दी गयी हैं। कुछेक मामलों में, ऐसे स्वयंसेवी संगठनों के खिलाफ कानूनी कार्रवाई भी शुरू की गयी है। साथ ही, कुछेक मामले जांच के लिए कपार्ट द्वारा केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो को भेज दिए गए हैं। इसमें शामिल कर्मचारियों के विरुद्ध कार्यवाई सहित, आगे की कार्रवाई केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो की रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने पर की जाएगी।

विवरण

कपार्ट द्वारा काली सूची में दर्ज स्वयंसेवी संगठनों का राज्य-वार ब्यौरा

क्र० सं०	राज्य	31.7.1995 तक कपार्ट द्वारा काली-सूची में दर्ज किए गए स्वयंसेवी संगठनों की संख्या
1	2	3
1.	असम	4
2.	आंध्र प्रदेश	72
3.	बिहार	71
4.	दिल्ली	19
5.	गुजरात	13
6.	हरियाणा	6
7.	हिमाचल प्रदेश	1
8.	केरल	4
9.	कर्नाटक	16
10.	मध्य प्रदेश	14
11.	महाराष्ट्र	14
12.	मणीपुर	2
13.	उड़ीसा	7
14.	राजस्थान	27
15.	तमिलनाडु	7
16.	उत्तर प्रदेश	74
17.	पश्चिम बंगाल	8
	कुल	359 (अनंतिम)

Services of Primary Health Centres

494. SHRI BHAGABAN MAJHI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for the quality of the services of the Primary Health Centre infrastructure in the country in general and tribal popoulated States in particular being not improved substantially;

(b) whether it is a fact that such facilities are not adequately available in the tribal regions of Orissa, Bihar and Madhya Pradesh; and

(c) if so, the initiatives proposed by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A.R. ANTULAY): (a) The Primary Health Care infrastructure in the country is being established and maintained by the State Governments. The Health Care facilities very in rural areas from State to State. Except for a few States, there has been a steady improvement in these facilities all over the country.

(b) and (c) The Government had identified 90 poor performing districts which are characterised by the high birth rates, high infant mortality rates and very low levels of institutionals deliveries. One of these district is located in the State of Orissa, 5 in Bihar and 23 in Madhya Pradesh.

Financial assistance is being provided in a phased manner at the rate of Rs. 50.00 lakhs per district per year for improving infrastructure in these backward districts.

Under IPP VI, being implemented in Madhya Pradesh, there is provision for construction of 350 Sub-Centres. The project covers the entire State of Madhya Pradesh.

Under IPP VII being implemented in Bihar, there are provisions for construction of 1,000 Sub-Centres and 129 OTs in Primary Health Centres. The project coveres the entire State of Bihar.

Under ODA assisted Area project, there is a provision of construction of 586 Sub-Centres and 17 Primary Health Centres, and under DANIDA assisted Area Project in Madhya Pradesh, 250 Sub-Centres, out of which 406 Sub-Centres and 6 Primary Health Centres in Orissa and 204 Sub-Centres in Madhya Pradesh have been constructed so far.

Promotion of Breast-Feeding

495. SHRI CHIMANBHAI HARIBHAI SHUKLA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are sponsoring a plan with the help of World Health Organisation for promoting 'Breast Feeding' in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what is the number of newly-born infants who die due to lack of breast-feeding in the country as compared to other countries in the world;

(d) whether Government propose to chalk-out details programme for promoting 'Breast-Feeding' through media; and

(e) what are the diseases from which infants can be saved through 'Breast Feeding'?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A.R. ANTULAY): (a) and (b) The Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative has been launched with the objective of promoting exclusive breast-feeding in the country. The Initiative is supported by United Nations Children's Fund and the World Health Organisation.

(c) to (e) Breast-feeding protect infants against infections like diarrhoea and pneumonia and prevents malnutrition. The number of newly born children who die due to lack of breast-feeding in the country is not known. Propagation of breast-feeding is done through health personnel and various channels of the media.

Allocation of funds for Employment Schemes in Punjab

496. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minister of URBAN AFFAIRS & EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the Central allocation to Government of Punjab for employment scheme for the year 1995-96;

(b) whether it is a fact that the above funds are less than that for the year 1994-95?

(c) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to increase the Central allocation of funds for the said purpose during the next two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT (DEPARTMENT OF URBAN EMPLOYMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION) (SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA): (a) Rs. 115.15 lakhs.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c)

1994-95	1995-96
Rs. 165.60 lakhs	Rs. 115.15 lakhs

The funds are allocated on the basis of percentage of urban poverty. According to 43rd round of NSSO urban poverty has come down in Punjab from 2.40% to 1.03% hence the decrease in allocation.

(d) The funds are allocated on the basis of percentage of urban poverty.